

# Hirst Partnership Board - Code of Conduct

## Purpose

The Hirst Partnership Board has been established to oversee the delivery of the Hirst Master Plan. This paper is intended to reflect the **conduct** requirements for board members. This document should be read alongside the **Hirst Partnership Board Terms of Reference and Governance Policy**.

The Board is Responsible for:

- *The Hirst Partnership Board is an advisory board to the lead and accountable body; Northumberland County Council*
- *Advising on a clear programme of interventions as outlined in the Hirst Masterplan*
- *Ensuring communities' voices are involved in shaping design and decision making at each phase of development*
- *Actively engaging deliberately and constructively with residents and the private, public and voluntary sectors, providing updates and information on future plans.*
- *Ensuring equality, inclusion and diversity in all its engagement with local communities and organisations*
- *Ensuring that housing decision making strategies are developed with the intention of providing improved housing options for the benefit of existing Hirst residents*
- *Upholding the Seven Principles of Public Life ([the Nolan Principles](#))*
- *Keeping records of meetings and advice given*

This policy is derived from the Northumberland County Council policy that took effect from 4 July 2012 setting out the conduct that is expected of elected and co-opted members of the Council when they are acting in that capacity.

The same principles of conduct apply to those acting on behalf of or as members of the Hirst Partnership Board.

The Hirst Partnership Board has adopted this code setting out the expected behaviours required of its Board Members, acknowledging that they each have a responsibility to represent the ambition of the Hirst Masterplan for the town and work constructively with the Hirst Masterplan Delivery Team and partner organisations to develop and deliver the Hirst Masterplan.

The code applies whenever a board member

- a) conduct the business of the Hirst Partnership Board or
- b) act, claim to act or give the impression you are acting as a representative of the Hirst Partnership Board.

'Co-opted member' means any person who is a member of any committee or sub-committee or working group of the Hirst Partnership Board-

The code is intended to be consistent with Nolan's "Seven Principles of Public Life" and should be read in the light of those principles, namely that Board Members will act with selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and leadership. Those principles are set out in full at Appendix 1 for information.

## Part 1 - General Conduct

1. You must treat others with respect, including Council officers, elected members, members of the public and other Hirst Partnership Board Members.

# Hirst Partnership Board - Code of Conduct

2. You must not bully any person and you must not intimidate or improperly influence, or attempt to intimidate or improperly influence, any person who is involved in any complaint about any alleged breach of this code of conduct.
3. You must not do anything which compromises or is likely to compromise the impartiality of anyone who works for or on behalf of the Council or the Hirst Partnership Board.
4. You must not conduct yourself in a manner which could reasonably be regarded as bringing the Council, or your office as a member of the Board, into disrepute.
5. You must not use or attempt to use your position as a member of the Hirst Partnership Board improperly to confer on or secure for yourself or any other person any advantage or disadvantage.
6. You must comply with any Protocol adopted by the Council or the Hirst Partnership Board which seeks to regulate the conduct of its members or co-opted members and which the Council has specifically declared should fall within the provisions of this code of conduct.
7. When using or authorising the use by others of the resources of the Council, you must act in accordance with the Council's reasonable requirements (as set out in such protocol as it may adopt from time to time for these purposes) and must ensure they are not used for party political purposes.
8. You must not prevent, or attempt to prevent, another person from gaining access to information to which they are entitled by law.
9. You must not disclose information which is given to you in confidence, or information which you believe or ought reasonably to be aware is of a confidential nature, unless:
  - a. You have the consent of a person authorised to give it; or
  - b. You are required by law to do so; or
  - c. The disclosure is made to a third party for the purpose of obtaining professional advice, provided that the third party agrees not to disclose the information to any other person; or
  - d. The disclosure is reasonable and in the public interest and made in good faith.
10. Where you have been involved in making any decision by the Hirst Partnership Board which is subsequently subject to scrutiny by an overview and scrutiny committee, you must not take part in that scrutiny process except to the extent you may be invited by the committee to give evidence to, or otherwise assist, it. In this paragraph, 'scrutiny' means the formal examination of a policy or decision previously approved or taken by or on behalf of the Hirst Partnership Board in order to reach a view as to its merits or effectiveness.

## Part 2 - Registration of interests

11. You must register in the Council's Register of Hirst Partnership Board Member Interests, information about your registerable personal interests. In this code of conduct 'your registerable personal interests' means:
  - a. any Disclosable Pecuniary Interest as set out in Appendix 2; or
  - b. any other interest held by you as set out in Appendix 3.

You must register information about your registerable personal interests by giving written notice to the Monitoring Officer, who maintains the Register, within 28 days of:

- your appointment as a member of the Hirst Partnership Board; and

# Hirst Partnership Board - Code of Conduct

- any change taking place in your registerable personal interests.
12. Where you think that disclosure of the details of any of your registerable personal interests could lead to you, or a person connected with you, being subject to violence or intimidation, the Monitoring Officer may at your request make a note on the Register that you have a personal interest, details of which are withheld.

## Part 3 – Non-registerable interests

13. You will have a non-registerable personal interest when you attend a meeting of the Hirst Partnership Board, or one of their committees or subcommittees, and you are, or ought reasonably to be, aware that a decision in relation to an item of business which is to be transacted might reasonably be regarded as affecting your wellbeing or financial position, or the wellbeing or financial position of a person described in paragraph 14 to a greater extent than most inhabitants of the area affected by the decision.
14. The persons referred to in paragraph 13 are:
- a. a member of your family;
  - b. any person with whom you have a close association;
  - c. in relation to persons described in (a) and (b), their employer, any firm in which they are a partner, or company of which they are a director or shareholder.

(Note:

- a. “A member of your family” means: your partner (i.e. your spouse, civil partner or anyone with whom you live in a similar capacity); your parent or parent-in-law; any child, stepchild or sibling of you or your partner; your grandparent, grandchild, aunt, uncle, nephew or niece; and the partners of any of those people.
  - b. You have a “close association” with someone if your relationship is such that a reasonable member of the public might think you would be prepared to favour or disadvantage that person when deciding a matter which affects them).
15. When you attend a meeting of the Hirst Partnership Board, or one of their committees or sub-committees, and you are aware that you have a non-registerable interest in an item of business (as defined in paragraph 13) you must disclose that interest to the meeting before consideration of that item begins or (if later) when you become aware of the interest.

## Part 4 - Non-Participation in Hirst Partnership Board business

16. When you attend a meeting of the Hirst Partnership Board, or one of their committees or sub-committees, and you are aware that the criteria set out in paragraph 17 are satisfied in relation to any matter to be considered, or being considered at that meeting, you must:
- a. Declare that fact to the meeting;
  - b. Not participate (or further participate) in any discussion of the matter at the meeting; and
  - c. Not participate in any vote (or further vote) taken on the matter at the meeting;
  - d. Leave the meeting whilst the matter is being discussed.
17. The criteria for the purposes of paragraph 16 are that:

## Hirst Partnership Board - Code of Conduct

- a. You have a registerable or non-registerable personal interest in the matter which is such that a member of the public knowing the relevant 4 facts would reasonably think it so significant that it is likely to prejudice your judgement of the public interest; and either
  - b. The matter will affect the financial position of yourself or one of the persons or bodies referred to in paragraph 14 or in any of your register entries; or
  - c. The matter concerns a request for any permission, licence, consent or registration sought by yourself or any of the persons referred to in paragraph 14 or in any of your register entries.
18. If a Hirst Partnership Board function can be discharged by you as a member acting alone and you are aware you have a registerable or non-registerable personal interest in any matter to be dealt with by in that way which meets the criteria set out in paragraph 17, you shall not deal with that matter in any way (except to enable it to be dealt with by someone else).

# Hirst Partnership Board - Code of Conduct

## Appendix 1 to Code of Conduct

### Nolan's Seven Principles of Public Life

#### Selflessness

Holders of public office should take decisions solely in terms of the public interest. They should not do so in order to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family, or their friends.

#### Integrity

Holders of public office should not place themselves under any financial or other obligation to outside individuals or organisations that might influence them in the performance of their official duties.

#### Objectivity

In carrying out public business, including making public appointments, awarding contracts, or recommending individuals for rewards and benefits, holders of public office should make choices on merit.

#### Accountability

Holders of public office are accountable for their decisions and actions to the public and must submit themselves to whatever scrutiny is appropriate to their office.

#### Openness

Holders of public office should be as open as possible about all the decisions and actions that they take. They should give reasons for their decisions and restrict information only when the wider public interest clearly demands.

#### Honesty

Holders of public office have a duty to declare any private interests relating to their public duties and to take steps to resolve any conflicts arising in a way that protects the public interest.

#### Leadership

Holders of public office should promote and support these principles by leadership and example.

# Hirst Partnership Board - Code of Conduct

## Appendix 2 to Code of Conduct

### Disclosable Pecuniary Interests (as defined by Regulations made by the Secretary of State under section 30 Localism Act 2011)

#### Note:

The following interests are Disclosable Pecuniary Interests if they are an interest of either (a) **yourself**, or (b) **your spouse or civil partner**, or (c) **a person with whom you are living as husband and wife**, or (d) **a person with whom you are living as if you were civil partners** (all of whom are referred to as “relevant persons”):

#### Employment, office, trade, profession or vocation

Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.

#### Sponsorship

Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the relevant authority) made or provided within the relevant period in respect of any expenses incurred by you in carrying out your duties as a member, or towards your election expenses. This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.

#### Contracts

Any contract which is made between the relevant person (or a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest) and the Council — (a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and (b) which has not been fully discharged.

#### Land

Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the Council.

#### Licences

Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the Council for a month or longer. Corporate tenancies - Any tenancy where (to your knowledge)— (a) the landlord is the Council; and (b) the tenant is a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest.

#### Securities

Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where;

1. that body (to your knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the Council; and
2. either
  - a. the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or
  - b. if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.

**Note:** In the above descriptions, the following words have the following meanings

“**body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest**” means a firm in which the relevant person is a partner or a body corporate of which the relevant person is a director, or in the securities of which the relevant person has a beneficial interest;

“b” includes a member of the committee of management of an industrial and provident society;

## Hirst Partnership Board - Code of Conduct

“**land**” excludes an easement, servitude, interest or right in or over land which does not carry with it a right for the relevant person (alone or jointly with another) to occupy the land or to receive income;

“**securities**” means shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society.

# Hirst Partnership Board - Code of Conduct



# Hirst Partnership Board - Code of Conduct

## Appendix 3 to Code of Conduct

### Other Registerable Personal Interests

The other interests which you must register under paragraph 11(b) of the code are:

1. Any body of which you are a member (or in a position of general control or management) to which you are appointed or nominated;
2. Any body which
  - a. exercises functions of a public nature or
  - b. has charitable purposes or
  - c. one of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union) of which you are a member (or in a position of general control or management);
3. Any person from whom you have received within the previous three years a gift or hospitality with an estimated value of more than £50 which is attributable to your position as an elected or co-opted member of the Council.

Note: These mean only your interests and not those of your spouse or civil partner.

# Hirst Partnership Board - Code of Conduct

## Revisions

Draft	Date	Reason	Author
1	9 <sup>th</sup> January 2024	First draft for team review	AL
2			
3			